

Glossary

- **Propaganda** – The spreading of misleading information in order to influence the public and serve the interests of the messenger.
- **Evacuee** – A person evacuated from a place of danger.
- **Rations/rationing** – The means of ensuring the fair distribution of food and commodities when they are scarce.
- **Allies** – the nations who fought together to overcome the Axis nations
- **Axis** – the nations who fought together to overcome the Allied nations
- **Political affiliations** (including the names of factions) – the different groups of
- **The Blitz** – the continual bombing of London
- **Anderson shelter/Air raid** – ways of protecting people against bombing raids
- **Barrage Balloons** – anchored to the ground, floating above rooftops to deter low flying enemy aircraft
- **Trenches** – deep, long narrow ditches dug into the ground where soldiers lived (WW1).

Useful Links

<https://www.iwm.org.uk/visits/iwm-london>
<https://cmsm.co.uk/>
<https://www.iwm.org.uk/visits/iwm-duxford>

World War I
propaganda posters.



Important Figures of WWI and WWII



Charles de Gaulle – A French military and political leader. De Gaulle fought in both WW1 and WWII.



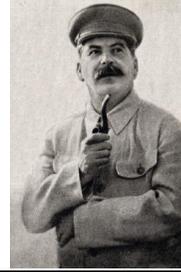
Archduke Franz Ferdinand – The assassination of Ferdinand in 1914 is considered the most immediate cause of WWI.



George V – King George V served as a figurehead for the nations of the British Empire throughout the war.



Benito Mussolini – Leader of Italy during WWII. Italy were one of the axis powers during WWII.

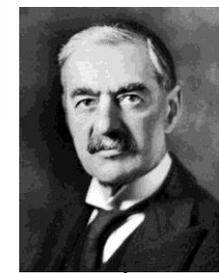


Joseph Stalin – Leader of the Soviet Union during WWII. A member of the Allied Forces.

Emperor Hirohito – Leader of Japan during WWII. Japan were one of the axis powers during WWII.



Adolf Hitler – Leader of Germany during WWII. Germany were one of the axis powers during WWII

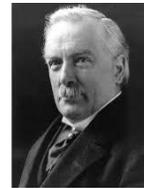


Neville Chamberlain – Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from 1937-1940.



Winston Churchill – Prime Minister of the United Kingdom during World War II (succeeding Neville Chamberlain).

We'll Meet Again!



David Lloyd George – Prime Minister of the United Kingdom during World War I

Glossary

- **No-Man's land** – the ground between the German and British trenches (WW1)
- **Morse code / Cryptography** – method used in telecommunication to encode text characters as standardised sequences of two different signal durations, called dots and dashes. / The science or study of techniques of secret writing, especially code and cipher systems.
- **Imperial** – coins, weights & measures
- **Spitfire/Lancaster/Messerschmitt's/Fokkers/Hurricanes**
- **D- Day** – The first day of any large military operation.
- **VE Day** – Victory in Europe Day. Declared in Britain on 8th May 1945 following Germany's Surrender,
- **Normandy Landings / Dunkirk**
- **Dig for Victory** – A campaign set up during World War II by the British Ministry of Agriculture. Men and women across the country were encouraged to grow their own food in times of harsh rationing.
- **Axis powers** – Coalition headed by Germany, Italy and Japan that opposed the Allied powers in World War II.

Writing

Diary entry

Writing a diary from the perspective of an evacuee.

Non-chronological report

Writing a newspaper report covering The Cockleshell Heroes.

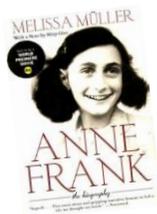
Poetry

Creating and performing our own poems

Reading

Goodnight Mr Tom by Michelle Magorian

The Diary of Anne Frank



Science

Electricity/light – sending Morse code messages

Autumn 1 - Electricity:

- I can identify and name the parts of an electrical circuit including symbols.
- I can compare and give reasons for variation in component function and explain the dangers of short circuits.
- I can explain the cause and effect of changes in circuits.

Oak and Elder Autumn 1

Music

Appraising music – music from WW1 & WW2 – how did they change?



P.E

- Dance
- Health and fitness

Maths

Numbers/ordering numbers/Place value

Four operations/

Rounding/Negative numbers

Decimals/Percentages/Fractions

+ = X -

RE

Creation and Science: Conflicting or Complementary

- Exploring Genesis 1
- Making connections between Christianity and Science.

Computing

- E-Safety
- Communication
- Creating multi-media presentations.

French

We will be revising our knowledge of the verbs avoir and être as well as looking at the role of la résistance during the war.

Art/DT

Propaganda and war artists

Anderson shelters

Make do and mend

Cooking with rations

Camouflage/dazzle ships